

### WHAT IS THE EXPIRATION DATE?

The Expiration Date is indicated on the packaging or labels of some foods with the words "to be consumed BY" followed by the DAY, MONTH and possibly the YEAR.

This sets out the last date by which a food must be eaten. A food has expired the day after the date reported on the package. A food that has passed the expiration date can no longer be sold (It has passed its sell-by date). If it is eaten after the expiry date, the consumer could be putting their health at risk.



# The minimum storage period is not compulsory for fresh fruit and vegetables (unless they are peeled or sliced), wine and vinegar, salt and solid sugar, baked goods such as bread and focaccia, fresh pastries, alcoholic beverages with an alcohol percentage higher than 10%, chewing gum and similar products.

### WHAT IS THE TMC

The Minimum Storage Term or TMC is indicated on the packaging with the words "best-before" followed by DAY / MONTH for a shelf life less than 3 months, MONTH / YEAR for shelf lives between 3 months and 18 months, and only the YEAR for shelf lives greater than 18 months.

The TMC is the date until which a food product retains its specific properties, in proper storage conditions.

# A FOOD THAT HAS EXCEEDED TMC HAS NOT EXPIRED!

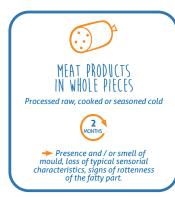
IIn fact, products that have reached their TMC or have passed it ARE NOT HARMFUL FOR CONSUMER HEALTH and can therefore still be consumed and DONATED. There is neither a ban on consumption nor are there any health ricks

# RECCOMMENDED INDICATIONS FOR USE FOR USE AFTER THE MINIMUM STORAGE TERM - TMC





or a change of taste.























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Banco Alimentare Onlus Foundation and Caritas Italiana have created a Manual of good operating practices for the organizations that deal with the recovery and distribution of surpluses, within the food support supply chain. The Manual was validated by the Ministry of Health in December 2015, in compliance with EC Regulation no. 852/2004. The manual contains the following table for products that are provided with 'best-before' dates. The manual can be downloaded directly from the site www.salute.gov.it

The Manual indicates that it is possible to distribute foodstuffs with a LAPSING OR LAPSED 'best-before' date provided: the food has been stored at the correct temperatures, its packaging is intact, and shows no obvious signs of deterioration, etc.

Foods which have exceeded the TMC (best before date) are divided into 16 product categories and the recommended consumption range is indicated for each category.



Reasons to avoid eating the food product.

## DID YOU KNOW THAT A LAW HAS BEEN APPROVED IN ITALY TO REDUCE FOOD WASTE?

IT'S LAW NO. 166/2016 (GADDA LAW)IT CAME INTO FORCE on 14 September 2016, and gives the definition of Date of Minimum Durability and officially reiterates that food supplies, even beyond the DMD, can be donated on condition that the food is appropriately stored and the packaging in contact with the food is intact.

NOW YOU KNOW THE DIFFERENCE.
IF YOU HAVE ANY MORE QUESTIONS:
MANUALE@BANCOALIMENTARE.IT



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